

ECONOMIC FORECAST

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ALAN NEVIN - DIRECTOR OF APPRAISAL & MARKET RESEARCH, VERTEX





January 2023

2023 Might be a 'Ho-Hum' Year - But It's Definitely Not 2008

Last year's forecast was headlined: "Did your house earn more than you did this past year?"

Unfortunately, I needed to create a new headline for 2023.

2008 was close to the Great Depression as it involved the total destruction of the savings and loan industry, obnoxious interest rates, endless home foreclosures, a 10% unemployment rate, and a near collapse of the European and Asian economies.

In comparison, I expect 2023 to be an "okay" year to the extent that it will be modestly recessionary, but not brutally so.

The Federal Reserve Board is near the top of the rate increase.

Household Budget

ltem	Fixed	Inflationary
Home Mortgage	х	
Apartment Rent	х	
Car Loan Payments	х	
Insurance	х	
Property Taxes	х	
Income Tax	х	
Food/Beverage		Х
General Merchandise		Х
% Allocation	70-80%	20-30%

They may push one or two more increases in the hope that those increases will gradually reduce the rate of inflation.

Further, there will be tremendous pressure from the White House and the Senate to reduce mortgage rates and inflation as the Democratic Party vigorously prepares for the 2024 election.

Inflation is really 2 to 3%. For most folks, 70-80% of their

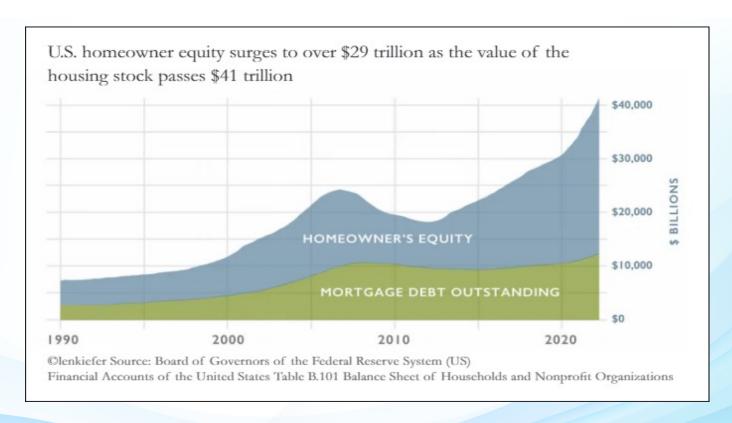
monthly expenditures are fixed -- mortgage, rent, taxes, car loan payments, insurance, et al. -- and therefore inflation applies only to food, beverages and general merchandise. (Prepare your own budget to test this theory.)

Much of the stated inflation related to supply problems. The Federal Reserve Bank of New York states that about 40% of U.S. inflation from 2019-2021 related to supply problem – computer

chips and slow ships. They have now solved that problem.

California gas prices will continue to go downward, thanks to political pressure from Sacramento (and Costco).

The Big Picture: Homeowner equity has almost doubled in the past decade and is now more than \$41 trillion (and one-third of homeowners have no mortgage, even in San Diego).





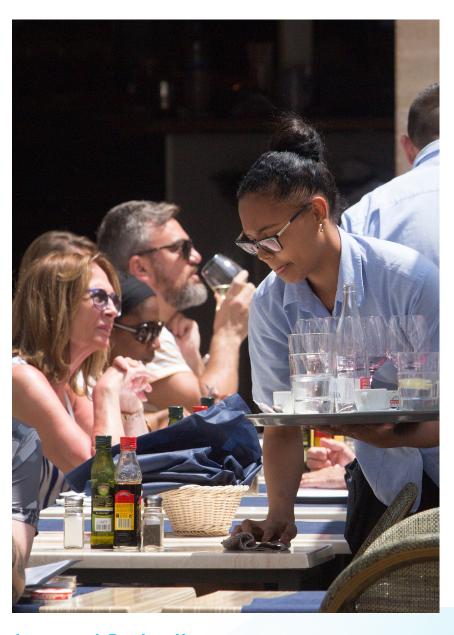
San Diego Employment

San Diego County will add 30,000-plus jobs in 2023 with leisure and hospitality and professional and business services leading the way. The unemployment rate will remain in the 3.3 to 4% range.

Unemployment Rate San Diego County 2018-2023

Year	% End of Yr		
2018	3.3%		
2019	3.0%		
2020 (1)	8.4%		
2021	4.1%		
2022	3.2%		
2023 (Projected)	3.3-4.0%		





Employment Projection San Diego County Calendar Year 2022- Projected 2023

Category	CY 2022	Projected 2023	Change	% Change
Leisure & Hospitality	202,700	210,000	7,300	3.5%
Professional & Business Services	287,500	300,000	12,500	4.2%
Government	252,900	260,000	7,100	2.7%
Education & Health Services	226,100	230,000	3,900	1.7%
Construction	86,900	80,000	(6,900)	-8.6%
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	224,700	230,000	5,300	2.3%
Manufacturing	113,800	115,000	1,200	1.9%

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Local Construction Business

Construction of residential units will decline substantially from 2022 as a result of homebuyer rejection of higher interest rates. Both single-family and attached for-sale housing permits (and sales) will decline by 20-25% in 2023.

Apartment construction (low and high-rise) will continue unabated as will non-residential construction. Non-residential construction will be particularly strong with major dollars going into life sciences, health care facilities (six new hospitals), educational and military facilities. The Fed's defense budget is very pro-San Diego.

There is going to be a lot of steel in the air in 2023, both downtown and in the suburbs. The only bad news: Steel is very expensive. But, on the other hand, the price of lumber has plummeted.





New Medical Facilities San Diego County 2023

Medical Provider	Under Construction
Scripps	185,000 sf tower under construction
Sharp	\$2 Billion expansion underway on SR-163
Kaiser	200-bed hospital under construction in San Marcos
UCSD - Hillcrest	250,000 SF Outpatient Pavilion; 1,850-space garage
Scripps Mercy	Replacement of present tower underway & new garage
Rady Childrens'	\$400 million expansion plan underway

Home Sales and Prices

The shock of higher interest rates caused the market to plummet, especially in the under \$750,000 sector. Gradually, interest rates will decline and ARM loans will gain acceptance and the buyers will return to the market.

Home prices will soften in 2023, but not collapse.



Residential Construction 2018-2023 San Diego County

Year	Total	Single Family	Multi- Family	% Single Family	
2018	9,788	3,510	6,278	35.9%	
2019	8,082	3,023	5,059	37.4%	
2020	9,447	2,898	6,549	30.7%	
2021	9,358	3,232	6,126	34.5%	
2022	10,000	3,800	6,200	38.0%	
2023 (Projected)	7,000- 8,000	3,000- 3,200	4,000- 4,800	50-60%	

Source: Census Bureau: 2018-2022

Residential Resale Activity San Diego County 2020-2023

Year	Detached	Attached	Total	
2020	23,891	12,553	36,444	
2021	25,113	14,384	39,497	
2022 18,317		10,167	28,484	
2023 (Projected)	17,000- 19,000	10,000- 11,000	27,000- 30,000	
2023 as a % of 2021	72%	70%	72%	

Resale Home Prices (Median) San Diego County

Median Price (1)

Year	Detached	Attached
2020	\$745,000	\$490,000
2021	\$850,000	\$590,000
2022	\$869,900	\$585,000
2023 (Projected)	\$782,910	\$526,500

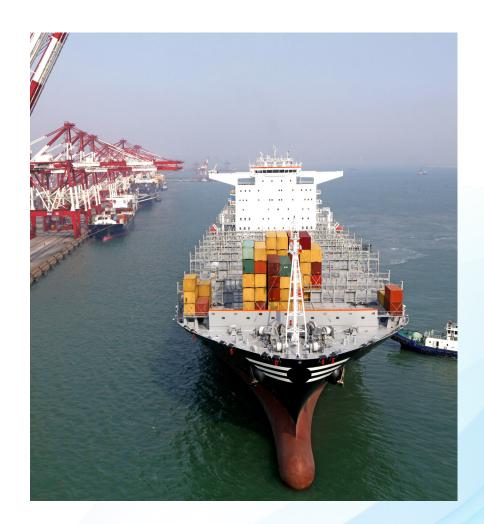
Change 2022-2023	(\$86,990)	(\$58,500)
% Change	10.0%	10.0%

(1) End of Year Source: SDAR

The National Picture

The national forecast is rather favorable. The gross domestic product -- the sum of all the goods and services we produce -- will continue to rise, and that inevitably means that the national unemployment rate will remain very low.

Non-farm employment will rise by almost 1.7 million jobs and initial unemployment claims will remain in the 200,000-plus range. And there will continue to be an enormous number of job openings.



Economic Indicators United States 2022-2023 (Projected)

	Indicator	2022	YE 2023	Change	% Change		
	National Indicators						
	Gross Domestic Product (Trillion)	25.7	26.7	1.00	3.9%		
	Dow Jones Average	34,000	37,000	3,000	8.8%		
	Rate of Inflation	7.0%	5.0%	-2.0%	-28.6%		
	30 Year Fixed Rate Mortgage	6.8%	5.5%	-1.3%	-19.1%		
Employment							
	Initial Employment Claims	250,000	220,000	(30,000)	-12.0%		
	Job Openings	10,717,000	10,000,000	(717,000)	-6.7%		
	Non-farm Employment	153,308,000	155,000,000	1,692,000	1.1%		
	Unemployment Rate	3.7%	4.2%	0.5%	13.5%		

San Diego Summary

Despite higher interest rate and slow home sales, the San Diego economy will have a strong economic year and can look forward to a very vibrant 2024.

A final thought for a winning America:



"A key pillar of building a multi-racial, multi-religious democracy is providing every person in every place with the prospect of a dignified life"

- Amartya Sen Nobel Prize-winning Economist





ALAN NEVIN - DIRECTOR OF APPRAISAL & MARKET RESEARCH, VERTEX

Economist, Alan Nevin is the Director of Appraisal and Market Research at Vertex. A graduate of Stanford University, Mr. Nevin has a broad background in real estate development, investment and market research. He serves the legal and insurance communities with valuations, market supply and demand and economic loss analyses. His book "The Great Divide" focuses on the future of the U.S. and the industrialized nations of the world. Mr. Nevin is available for speaking engagements. Contact him at (619) 417-1817 or email nevin.econ@gmail.com.

